Approximately 30% of people with haemophilia A and 5% with haemophilia B develop inhibitors - currently the biggest complication in haemophilia care. The following 10 principles emphasize the importance and benefits of a centralized and multidisciplinary approach.





Awareness of inhibitors and risk factors throughout life.

Early recognition and accurate diagnosis.



Access to haemostatic agents.

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Inhibitor eradication by Immune Tolerance Induction (ITI) Therapy.

Organisation of care and communication between all stakeholders.



Access to, and optimal preparation for surgery and other invasive procedures.

Regular **dental reviews**.



Tailored physiotherapy care and monitoring.



Specialist nursing care.



Research and innovation.

